BerBrand Srl Unipersonale Greenpeace Detox Commitment

DATE September 22nd 2014

In line with BERBRAND SRL UNIPERSONALE long-term sustainability program BERBRAND SRL UNIPERSONALE recognizes the urgent need for eliminating industrial releases of all hazardous chemicals (1). According to its approach based on prevention (2) and the Precautionary Principle (3) BERBRAND SRL UNIPERSONALE is committed to zero discharges (4) of all hazardous chemicals from the whole lifecycle and all production procedures that are associated with the making and using of all products BERBRAND SRL UNIPERSONALE produces and / or sells (5) by no later than 01 January 2020.

We recognise that to achieve this goal, mechanisms for disclosure and transparency about the hazardous chemicals used in our global supply chains are important and necessary, in line with the 'Right to Know principle' (6). In line with this principle we will deliver full public availability and transparency of our restricted substance list and audit process and will set up full public disclosure of discharges of hazardous chemicals in our supply chain.

BERBRAND SRL UNIPERSONALE also commits to fully and publicly support systemic (i.e. wider societal and policy) change to achieve zero discharge of hazardous chemicals (associated with supply chains and the lifecycles of products) within one generation (7) or less. This commitment includes sustained investment in moving industry, government, science and technology to deliver on systemic change and to affect system change across the industry towards this goal.

BERBRAND SRL UNIPERSONALE agrees to publicly support Greenpeace's efforts to eliminate all global hazardous chemical use, and to fully integrate the precautionary principle and the public's right-to-know regarding all environmental aspects across our operations.

BERBRAND SRL UNIPERSONALE acknowledges our individual corporate responsibility to always operate with a strong system of environmental oversight of our suppliers and our operations.

BERBRAND SRL UNIPERSONALE 's following Detox commitment, as well as a individual action plan - with the dates indicate, and the links to the complete detailed evidence supporting the delivery for all aspects of this commitment no later than the delivery schedule dates indicated within this commitment - will always be available to the global public via our main public webpage.

BERBRAND SRL UNIPERSONALE understands the scope of the commitment to be a long term vision – with ongoing ambitious practices to be defined by the following individual action plan:

Individual action plan

1. Supply-chain disclosure

In line with BERBRAND SRL UNIPERSONALE 's commitment to the public's "right to know" the chemical substances used within its global supply-chain and the products it sells, BERBRAND SRL UNIPERSONALE will be taking the following actions:

1. publish its updated Combined 'Restricted Substances List' (the same in detailed content and scope as per http://www.BerBrand.com/Detox/M-RSL-BerBrand.pdf combined M-RSL including detection limits(4) on the same date as the publication of this commitment document , and annually thereafter update this combined M-RSL to

reflect our full implementation of the precautionary principle and always applying the best current technology – i.e. the lowest reporting limits technology can achieve.

- 2. adapt our supplier contract requirements to ensure that our suppliers begin full detailed public disclosure of discharges of hazardous chemicals (beginning with, at least, the 11 priority chemical groups as per endnote 8) and detection limits (as per http://www.BerBrand.com/Detox/M-RSL-BerBrand.pdf and always applying the best current technology as per endnote 4) in our supply chain via full facility transparency (i.e. detailed location and individual data of each facility) of individual facility level disclosure of chemical-by-chemical use and discharges data, to be achieved via an incremental process, beginning with the following actions:
 - i) With the publication of this commitment, we will also commit to have full testing evidence published by at least 50 % of all our global wet process suppliers' facilities or affiliates where hazardous chemicals are used, and their discharge data disclosed (as per full scope and content of http://www.BerBrand.com/Detox/M-RSL-BerBrand.pdf) by using an online platform via the Institute for Public and Environmental Affairs Detox platform* and the data collection template (http://www.ipe.org.cn/En/pollution/discharge_detox.aspx Detox Platform).
 - ii) by no later than 6 months after the publication of this commitment, we will also commit to have the full testing evidence published of at least 80 % of our global wet process facilities or affiliates where hazardous chemicals are used (- in addition to the facilities in i), prioritizing additional suppliers in the "global south") and their discharge data disclosed (as per full scope and content of http://www.BerBrand.com/Detox/M-RSL-BerBrand.pdf) by using the IPE Detox platform and the data collection template agreed with Greenpeace.
 - iii) By no later than 31 December 2015, 80% of our wet process facilities or affiliates where hazardous chemicals are used (as per i) and ii) above), will be publicly associated to our company or, we will ensure that we supply full public evidence that at least 80 % of all of our global wet process suppliers are fully disclosing or are Detox committed companies.
 - iv) BERBRAND SRL UNIPERSONALE will publicize the link to all data as per above timelines via the IPE Detox platform as per the most recent Corporate Discharge Disclosure Data Form.
 - v) BERBRAND SRL UNIPERSONALE agrees to always ensure the discharge data disclosure is fully credible and not misleading the public and that it will always disclose via the IPE Detox platform.

2. 11 priority hazardous chemical groups elimination policy

Fully aligned with our implementation of the precautionary principle across all of our operations environment-related operations, we recognise the intrinsic, or potential intrinsic hazardousness of all 11 priority hazardous chemical groups (8), and therefore acknowledge it is our priority to eliminate their use across our global supply chain and our operations. There are multiple supply-chain pathways for potential contamination (including chemical formulations) and we will enhance both training and auditing of our supply-chain and our operations, as well as ensure our suppliers have the latest information on the 11 priority hazardous chemical groups, highlighting where there is a risk that any of these chemicals may enter into the undocumented contamination of chemical supplier formulations.

In addition to these actions, BERBRAND SRL UNIPERSONALE will enforce its ban on the 8 of the 11 priority hazardous chemical groups (Phthalates, Brominated and chlorinated flame retardants, Azo dyes, Organotin

compounds, Chlorobenzenes, Chlorinated solvents, Chlorophenols, and Short chain chlorinated paraffins) with the following actions:

- i. publish the results of an investigation into the current compliance to this requirement, reporting the findings to the public and simultaneously strengthening our supplier contract language to ensure only chemical formulations free of at least these 8 priority hazardous chemical groups are utilized and also publish the full testing evidence supporting our delivery of this commitment of full elimination of any use of at least these 8 priority hazardous chemical groups
- ii. work with our supply chain and other global industry leaders, to ensure the most current technological limits of detection are reflected via the lowest detectable limits within our testing regimes.
- iii. publicly document how at least each of these 8 priority hazardous chemical groups have been substituted by safer alternatives and publish these case studies via the online Subsport.org platform within 6 months of the publication of this commitment.

3. PFCs - Perfluorocarbon / Polyfluorinated Compounds(9) elimination policy

Consistent with the precautionary principle and the potential intrinsic hazardousness of all PFCs, BERBRAND SRL UNIPERSONALE commits to eliminate any PFCs used in any of the products BERBRAND SRL UNIPERSONALE produces and/or sells. The elimination of all PFCs used by any of the products we produce or sell will be supported by:

- i. Across our global supply-chain, eliminate all PFC use by no later than 01 July 2016;
- ii. document how PFCs have been substituted by safer alternatives and publish these case studies via the online Subsport.org platform by no later than 01 July 2016;
- **iii.** a rigorous system of control to ensure that no traces of PFCs find their way into our supply chain in line with the above;
- iv. work in partnership with our supply chain and other global industry leaders to accelerate the move to non-PFC technologies.

4. APEOs elimination policy

Consistent with our full implementation of the precautionary principle across all our operations related to any affect on the environment, and the potential intrinsic hazardousness of all APEOs, BERBRAND SRL UNIPERSONALE therefore acknowledges it is a priority to eliminate any APEOs use across our global supply chain and our operations. There are multiple supply-chain pathways for potential APEOs contamination (including chemical formulations) and will enhance both training and auditing of our supply-chain and our operations, as well as ensure all of our suppliers have the latest information on APEOs, highlighting where there is a risk that APEOs may enter into the undocumented contamination of chemical supplier formulations.

In addition to these actions, BERBRAND SRL UNIPERSONALE will enforce its APEOs ban on any products we produce and/or sell with the following actions:

i. Initiate an investigation into the current compliance to this requirement, reporting the findings to the public by the end of 1 July 2015;

- ii. Strengthening our supplier contract language to ensure only APEOs-free chemical formulations are utilized by the end of 1 July 2015; and
- iii. Work with our supply chain and other global industry leaders, to ensure the most current technological limits of detection are reflected via the lowest detectable limits within our testing regimes.
- iv. Publicly document how APEOs have been substituted by safer alternatives and publish these case studies via the online Subsport.org platform by no later than 01 July 2015.

5. Targets for Other Hazardous Chemicals

As an important part of our implementation of the precautionary principle across all our operations, BERBRAND SRL UNIPERSONALE commits to regularly review the list of chemicals used in our operations and our global supplychain. BERBRAND SRL UNIPERSONALE apply the latest scientific findings to periodically update our chemical policy, at least annually, to further restrict or ban chemicals, as new evidence on their impact becomes available.

In this context we will also set clear intermediate progress targets on the elimination of hazardous chemicals (beyond these 11 priority hazardous chemical groups). We will therefore provide a public detailed hazardous chemical-by-chemical schedule (aligned with our full implementation of the precautionary principle across any of our operations affecting the environment) for elimination (beyond the 11 priority hazardous chemical groups identified within this document) to be substituted with non-hazardous chemistry by no later than 01 September 2015 on the road to elimination of all hazardous chemical use by no later than 01 January 2020. This public detailed hazardous chemical-by-chemical schedule will be updated annually.

BERBRAND SRL UNIPERSONALE commits to support and reinforce a credible sectoral chemical inventory and hazardous substance green list, aiming to establish this inventory, and the green list, based on a credible (10) intrinsically hazardous screening methodology, by no later than 01 July 2015.

The individual actions covered above will be reassessed by BERBRAND SRL UNIPERSONALE at regular intervals – at least annually.

6. Self reporting on the Detox Commitment

The core responsibility principles for delivering on our commitment:

- 1. BERBRAND SRL UNIPERSONALE is responsible for our global operations, all inputs we use and practices we employ, and the environmental outcomes created.
- 2. BERBRAND SRL UNIPERSONALE must always proactively provide the public precise schedules for all our detailed and credible evidence (e.g. all hazardous chemical testing via the use of the combined M-RSL[INCLUDE LINK to combined M_RSL]) supporting the delivery of all aspects of our Detox commitment.
- 3. BERBRAND SRL UNIPERSONALE is responsible to proactively, publicly and transparently provide full details as to any deviations from the delivery of any aspect of our Detox commitment, and to effectively resolve within no more than 30 days.

Within 6 months of this agreement, BERBRAND SRL UNIPERSONALE will publish:

- Case studies of past hazardous chemical substitutions, and the steps we will take to develop a further number of substitution case studies (e.g. where we are currently substituting any of the 11 groups of hazardous chemicals as per below (8), with more non-hazardous chemicals) via the online Subsport.org platform.
- The steps outlining how we will take forward and lead on the development of the intrinsic hazards screening methodology (10).

- (1) All hazardous chemicals means all those that show intrinsically hazardous properties: persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT); very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB); carcinogenic, mutagenic and toxic for reproduction (CMR); endocrine disruptors (ED), or other properties of equivalent concern, (not just those that have been regulated or restricted in other regions). This will require establishing ideally with other industry actors a corresponding list of the hazardous chemicals concerned that will be regularly reviewed.
- (2) This means solutions are focused on elimination of use at source, not on end-of-pipe or risk management. This requires either substitution with non-hazardous chemicals or where necessary finding non- chemical alternative solutions, such as re-evaluating product design or the functional need for chemicals.
- (3) This means taking preventive action before waiting for conclusive scientific proof regarding cause and effect between the substance (or activity) and the damage. It is based on the assumption that some hazardous substances cannot be rendered harmless by the receiving environment (i.e. there are no 'environmentally acceptable'/ 'safe' use or discharge levels) and that prevention of potentially serious or irreversible damage is required, even in the absence of full scientific certainty. The process of applying the Precautionary Principle must involve an examination of the full range of alternatives, including, where necessary, substitution through the development of sustainable alternatives where they do not already exist.
- (4) Zero discharge means elimination of all releases, via all pathways of release, i.e. discharges, emissions and losses, from our supply chain and our products. "Elimination" or "zero" means 'not detectable, to the limits of the best current technology', and only naturally occurring background levels are acceptable.
- (5) This means the commitment applies to the environmental practices of the entire company (group, and all entities it directs or licences) and for all products produced or sold by BERBRAND SRL UNIPERSONALE or any of its subsidiaries. This includes all its suppliers or facilities horizontally across all owned brands and licensed companies as well as vertically down its supply chain.
- (6) Right to Know is defined as practices that allow members of the public access to environmental information in this case specifically about the uses and discharges of chemicals based on reported quantities of releases of hazardous chemicals to the environment, chemical-by-chemical, facility-by-facility, at least year-by-year.
- (7) One generation is generally regarded as 20-25 years.
- (8) the 11 priority hazardous chemical groups are: 1. Alkylphenols 2. Phthalates 3.Brominated and chlorinated flame retardants 4. Azo dyes 5. Organotin compounds 6. Perfluorinated chemicals 7. Chlorobenzenes 8. Chlorinated solvents 9. Chlorophenols 10. Short chain chlorinated paraffins 11. Heavy metals such as cadmium, lead, mercury and chromium (VI).

- (9) (9) Polyfluorinated compounds, including fluorotelomers which can serve as precursors that degrade to form perfluorinated carboxylic acids (e.g. PFOA), and mixed halogenated polyfluorinated compounds.
- (10) Any screening methodology that would meet the following necessary requirements is considered to be credible:
- 1. The full criteria and methods applied and full data behind results must be open to public scrutiny
- 2. The screening methodology approach must take account of the hazards of accessory chemical and/ or breakdown <u>products</u>) which are generated through the use or release of any one particular chemical ingredient.
- 3. The screening methodology must recognise the importance of physical form <u>e.g.</u> nanomaterials, polymers and whole products where applicable.
- 4. Where there are legitimate reasons for concern regarding the intrinsic hazards of a chemical, even if information is insufficient to verify those hazards, action must be taken to obtain sufficient information to enable adequate assessment of the chemical. When there is no information on the chemical the 'hazardous until proven non-hazardous' assumption should apply.

The following reflects BerBrand S.r.l. Unipersonale's RSL detection limits as of 22nd September 2014 These detection / reporting limits and test methods will be revised - at least yearly, to always reflect best current technology using lowest detection / reporting limits.

		D	etection Limit		Test I	Method		
Substance	CAS-nr.	Input: Chemical Formulations / Output: Waste water (µg/I)	Output: Products / Output: Waste Water Sludge (mg/kg)	Input: Chemical Formulations	Output: Waste water	Output: Sludge	Output: Products	STATUS Banned / phase-out
1. Alkylphenols (APEC))			•			,	
Octylphenol OP	Various	1	0.2					
4-(1,1,3,3-Tetramethylbutyl)-phenol	140-66-9	1	0.2	1				
OctylPhenol	27193-28-8	1	0.2	1				
4-Octylphenol	1806-26-4	1	0.2	1				
Nonylphenol NP	various	1	0.2	1				
4-Nonylphenol	25154-52-3	1	0.2	1				
Nonylphenol	104-40-5	1	0.2	1				
Nonylphenol	90481-04-2	1	0.2	With Reference To	With Reference To			
4-Nonylphenol (branched)	84852-15-3	1	0.2	DIN EN ISO 18857	DIN EN ISO 18857			All use of
Nonylphenol	1173019-62-9	1	0.2	And Followed by Liquid	And Followed by	Solvent extraction	Solvent Extraction,	All use of Alkyphenols
Nonylphenol Ethoxylates NPEO (1-2)	various	1	0.2		Liquid	DIN EN ISO 18857	GC-MS (AP) &	(APEO) are
Nonylphenol Ethoxylates NPEO (3-18)	various	1	0.2	Chromatography – Mass Spectrometry	Chromatography – Mass Spectrometry	LC/MS mod, resp.	LC-MS (APEO)	banned as of 01
(Nonylphenoxy)-polyethylenoxid	9016-45-9	1	0.2	(LC-MS) Analysis.	(LC-MS) Analysis.	NPEO ₍₁₊₂₎ : GC/MS	analysis.	September 2015)
4-Nonylphenol, ethoxylated	26027-38-3	1	0.2	NPEO ₍₁₊₂₎ : GC/MS	NPEO ₍₁₊₂₎ : GC/MS			
(NPEs 3-18) Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),	68412-54-4	1	0.2	(112)	(112)			
4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated	127087-87-0	1	0.2	1				
Unbekanntes Farbmittel 94 (SIN list	37205-87-1	1	0.2	1				
Octylphenol Ethoxylates OPEO (1-2)	various	1	0.2	1				
Octylphenol Ethoxylates OPEO (3-18)	various	1	0.2	1				
(OPEs 3-18) alpha-[4-(1,1,3,3-	9002-93-1	1	0.2]				
4-tert-Octylphenolethoxylate	9036-19-5	1	0.2					
4-tert-Octylphenolethoxylate	68987-90-6	1	0.2					
2. Phthalates								
Di-Butyl Phthalate (DBP)	84-74-2	1	0.3					
Di(2-Ethyl Hexyl) Phthalate(DEHP)	117-81-7	1	0.3	Toluene Extraction				
Benzyl Butyl Phthalate (BBP)	85-68-7	1	0.3	And Followed by	Toluene Extraction		CEN ICO TO 16101.	
Di-Iso-Nonyl Phthalate (DINP)	28553-12-0, 68515-48-0	1	0.3	Gas Chromatography- Mass Spectrometry (GC-MS) Analysis resp. LC/MS. Extraction with toluene at pH6,	And Followed by Gas Chromatography-	Extraction with toluene, GC-MS	CEN-ISO-TS 16181; TS 16181; EN 15777; EN 14372;	All use of Phthalates are
Di-N-Octyl Phthalate (DNOP)	117-84-0	1	0.3		Mass Spectrometry (GC-MS) Analysis	resp. LC/MS.	Solvent Extraction &	banned as of 01
Di-Iso-Decyl Phthalate (DIDP)	26761-40-0, 68515-49-1	1	0.3		resp. LC/MS.	SIS	GC-MS analysis.	September 2014
Di-Iso-Butyl Phthalate (DIBP)	84-69-5	1	0.3		16,			
Di-N-Hexyl Phthalate (DNHP)	84-75-3	1	0.3					

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Di-(2-metossietil) ftalato (DMEP	117-82-8	Best current	Best current testing	GC/MS*			
DHNUP	68515-42-4	testing	technology using lowest			UNI EN 15777	
DIHP	71888-89-6	technology	detection / reporting				
DPP	131-18-0	using lowest	limits always updated				

		Det	ection Limit		Test	Method		
Substance 3. Brominated and Chlo	CAS-nr.	Input: Chemical Formulations / Output: Waste water (µg/l) ame Retar	Output: Products / Output: Waste Water Sludge (mg/kg)	Input: Chemical Formulations	Output: Waste water	Output: Sludge	Output: Products	STATUS Banned/ phase-out
Polybrominated biphenyls (PBBs)	59536-65-1 various		danto					
Monobromo biphenyls (MonoBB)		0.05	0.03	1				
Dibromo biphenyls (DiBB)	-	0.05	0.03	1				
Tribromo biphenyls (TriBB)	-	0.05	0.03	1				
Tetrabromo biphenyls (TetraBB)	-	0.05	0.03	1				
Pentabromo biphenyls (PentaBB)	-	0.05	0.03]				
Hexabromo biphenyls (HexaBB)	-	0.05	0.03]				
Heptabromo biphenyls (HeptaBB)	-	0.05	0.03]				
Octabromo biphenyls (OctaBB)	-	0.05	0.03]				
Nonabromo biphenyls (NonaBB)	-	0.05	0.03	By Toluene Extraction	By Toluene Extraction			
Decabromo biphenyl (DecaBB)	13654-09-6	0.05	0.03	And Followed By Liquid	And Followed By Liquid			All use of Bromianted
Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDEs)	various	0.05	0.03	Chromatography - Mass Spectrometry	Chromatography - Mass Spectrometry	Extraction with toluene,	Solvent Extraction &	and Chlorinated
Monobromo diphenyl ethers (MonoBDE)	-	0.05	0.03	(LC-MS) And Gas	(LC-MS) And Gas	GC-MS resp. LC/MS.	GC-CE analysis.	Flame Retardants are
Dibromo diphenyl ethers (DiBDE)	-	0.05	0.03	Chromatography -	Chromatography -	GC 113 163p. Ec/113.	GC CE dildiysis.	banned as of 01
Tribromo diphenyl ethers (TriBDE)	-	0.05	0.03	Mass Spectrometry	Mass Spectrometry			September 2014
Tetrabromo diphenyl ethers (TetraBDE)	40088-47-9	0.05	0.03	(GC-MS) Analysis	(GC-MS) Analysis.			
Pentabromo diphenyl ethers (PentaBDE)	32534-81-9	0.05	0.03]				
Hexabromo diphenyl ethers (HexaBDE)	36483-60-0	0.05	0.03]				
Heptabromo diphenyl ethers (HeptaBDE)	68928-80-3	0.05	0.03]				
Octabromo diphenyl ethers (OctaBDE)	32536-52-0	0.05	0.03]				
Nonabromo diphenyl ethers (NonaBDE)	63936-56-1	0.05	0.03]				
Decabromo diphenyl ether (DecaBDE)	1163-19-5	0.05	0.03					
Tris(2,3-Dibromopropyl)-Phosphate	126-72-7	0.5	0.25					
Tris(2-Chloroethyl)Phosphate (TCEP)	115-96-8	0.05	0.25					
Hexabromocyclododecane (HBCDD)	134237-50-6,	0.5	0.25	1				

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	134237-51-7, 134237-52-8, 25637-99-4, 3194- 55-6					
Tetrabromo-bisphenol A (TBBPA)	79-94-7	0.5	0.25			
Subgroup: Other Flame Ret	ardants				 	
TEPA	5455-55-1					
TRIS	5412-25-9	Best current				
Sodium tetraborate	1303-96-4 1303- 43-4 12179-04-3 215-540-4	testing technology	Best current testing			All use of Subgroup:
Boron trioxide	1303-86-2	using lowest	technology using lowest		Solvent extraction and	Other Flame
Boric acid	10043-35-3 11113-50-1	detection / reporting	detection / reporting limits always updated and		GC-MS / LC-MS analysis	Retardants banned a of 01 Septmeber 2014
Antimony trioxide	1309-64-4	limits always	applied			
Tri-o-cresyl phosphate	78-30-8	updated and				
Tris(1,3-dichloro-2-propyl)phosphate (TDCPP)	13674-87-8	applied				

		D	etection Limit		Test M	lethod		
Substance	CAS-nr.	Input: Chemical Formulations / Output: Waste water (µg/l)	Output: Products / Output: Waste Water Sludge (mg/kg)	Input: Chemical Formulations	Output: Waste water	Output: Sludge	Output: Products	STATUS Banned/ phase-out
4. Amines (Associate	d with Azo	dyes)						
4-Aminodiphenyl	92-67-1							
Benzidine	92-87-5			With Reference To EN	With Reference To EN			
4-Chloro-o-Toluidine	95-69-2			14362:1&3 And	14362:1&3 And		EN 14362-1:2012; ISO	
2-Naphthylamine	91-59-8			Followed By Gas	Followed By Gas		17234-1:2010; ISO	All use of Amines
o-Aminoazotoluene	97-56-3	0.01	0.01	Chromatographic –	Chromatographic – Mass Spectrometric	EN 14362 modified	17234-2:2011;	(associated with Azo
2-Amino-4-Nitrotoluene	99-55-8	0.01	0.01	Mass Spectrometric	(GC-MS) And High	GC/MS resp. HPLC.	Leather.GB/T 17592 ;	dyes) banned as of
p-Chloroaniline	106-47-8			(GC-MS) And High	Performance Liquid		GB/T 23344 (4-	01 September 2014
2,4-Diaminoanisole	615-05-4			Performance Liquid	Chromatographic		aminozobenzene)	
4,4'-Diaminodiphenylmethane	101-77-9			Chromatographic	(HPLC) Analysis.			
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	91-94-1							

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3,3'-Dimethoxybenzidine	119-90-4			1		
3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine	119-93-7					
3,3'-Dimethyl-	113 30 7					
4,4'diaminodiphenylmethane	838-88-0					
p-Cresidine	120-71-8	1				
4,4'-Methylene-Bis(2-Chloroaniline)	101-14-4	1				
4,4'-Oxydianiline	101-80-4	1				
4,4'-Thiodianiline	139-65-1	1				
o-Toluidine	95-53-4	1				
2,4-Toluylenediamine	95-80-7	1				
2,4,5-Trimethylaniline	137-17-7	1				
o-Anisidine	90-04-0	1				
p-Aminoazobenzene	60-09-3	1				
2,4-Xylidine	95-68-1	1				
2,6-Xylidine	87-62-7	1				
Subgroup: Carcinogenic D						
C.I Acid Red 26	3761-53-3					
C.I. Basic Red 9	569-61-9					
C.I. Basic Violet 14	632-99-5	1				
C.I Direct Blue 6	2602-46-2	1				
C.I Direct Red 28	573-58-0					
C.I Direct Black 38	1937-37-7					
C.I Disperse Blue 1	2475-45-8	1				
C.I. Disperse Yellow 3	2832-40-8	Best current				
C.I. Disperse Orange 11	82-28-0	testing				
C.I. Disperse Yellow 23	6250-23-3	technology	Best current testing			
C.I. Disperse Orange 149	85136-74-9	using lowest	technology using lowest		Solvent extraction	All use of Subgroup: carcinogenic Dyes
C.I. Solvent Yellow 1	60-09-3	detection /	detection / reporting		and GC-MS analysis	banned as of 01
C.I. Solvent Yellow 2	60-11-7 EN71-9	reporting	limits always updated and		and de mo anarysis	September 2014
C.I. Solvent Yellow 3	97-56-3	limits always	applied			
C.I. Solvent Yellow 14	842-07-9	updated and				
C.I. Basic Blue 26	2580-56-5	applied				
C.I. Basic Violet 1	8004-87-3 EN71- 9					
C.I. Direct Brown 95	16071-86-6	1				
C.I. Direct Blue 15	2429-74-5	1				
C.I. Direct Blue 218	28407-37-6					
C.I Acid Red 114	6459-94-5					
C.I Acid Violet 49	1694-09-3					
Subgroup: Allergenic Disp	erse Dyes			 	 	
C.I. Disperse Blue 1	2475-45-8	Boot ourront	Best current testing			
C.I. Disperse Blue 3	2475-46-9	Best current			DIN 54231	All use of
C.I. Disperse Blue 7	3179-90-6	testing	technology using lowest detection / reporting			Subgroup:
C.I. Disperse Blue 26	3860-63-7	technology	detection / reporting			Allergenic Disperse

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C.I. Disperse Blue 35	12222-75-2	using lowest	limits always updated and			Dyes banned as of
C.I. Disperse Blue 102	12222-97-8	detection /	applied			01 September
C.I. Disperse Blue 106	12223-01-7	reporting	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			2014
C.I. Disperse Blue 124	61951-51-7	limits always				
C.I. Disperse Brown 1	23355-64-8	updated and				
C.I. Disperse Orange 1	2581-69-3	applied				
C.I. Disperse Orange 3	730-40-5					
C.I. Disperse Orange 37/76	13301-61-6					
C.I. Disperse Red 1	2872-52-8					
C.I. Disperse Red 11	2872-48-2					
C.I. Disperse Red 17	3179-89-3					
C.I. Disperse Yellow 1	119-15-3					
C.I. Disperse Yellow 3	2832-40-8					
C.I. Disperse Yellow 9	6373-73-5					
C.I. Disperse Yellow 39	12236-29-2					
C.I. Disperse Yellow 49	54824-37-2					

		D	etection Limit		Test	Method		
Substance	CAS-nr.	Input: Chemical Formulations / Output: Waste water (µg/I)	Output: Products / Output: Waste Water Sludge (mg/kg)	Input: Chemical Formulations	Output: Waste water	Output: Sludge	Output: Products	STATUS Banned/ phase-out
5. Organotin comp	ounds							
MBT(Monobutyltin) DBT(Dibutyltin) TBT(Tributyltin) TPhT(Triphenyltin) DOT(Dioctyltin) MOT(Monooctyltin) DPhT(Diphenyltin) TeBT(Tetrabutyltin) TCyT(TricyclohexylTin) TPT(Tripropyltin) TeET(Tetraethyltin)	1118-46-3 1002-53-5 56573-85-4 892-20-6 94410-05-6 15231-44-4 1011-95-6 1461-25-2 NA NA 597-64-8	0.01	0.01	With Reference To DIN EN17353 And Followed by Gas Chromatography-Mass Spectrometry (GC-MS) Analysis.	With Reference To DIN EN17353 And Followed by Gas Chromatography-Mass Spectrometry (GC-MS) Analysis.	Solvent extraction, derivatisation with tetraethylborate, GC/MS.	Extraction / Derivation followed by GC-MS analysis	All use of Organotin Compunds banned as of 01 September
TBTO DBTC TPT DBB	56-35-9 683-18-1 668-34-8	Best current testing technology using lowest detection / reporting limits always updated and applied	Best current testing technology using lowest detection / reporting limits always updated and applied					2014

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		D	etection Limit		Test	Method		
Substance	CAS-nr.	Input: Chemical Formulations / Output: Waste water (µg/l)	Output: Products / Output: Waste Water Sludge	Input: Chemical Formulations	Output: Waste water	Output: Sludge	Output: Products	STATUS Banned/ phase-out
6. PFCs (Perfluoro	carbon / Polyt	fluorinate	d Compounds)					
PFOA	335-67-1	0.01	0.001					
PFNA	375-95-1	0.01	0.001				Solvent Extraction,	
PFBS	375-73-5 or 59933-66-3	0.01	0.001				LC-MS analysis.	
PFOS	1763-23-1	0.01	0.001					
4:2 FTOH	2043-47-2	0.1	0.01	1				
6:2 FTOH	647-42-7	0.1	0.01	1				
8:2 FTOH	678-39-7	0.1	0.01					
10:2 FTOH	865-86-1	0.1	0.01				Extraction/ Derivation	
POSF	307-35-7	0.1	0.01				followed by GC-MS	
PFHxS	355-46-4	0.01	0.001				analysis	
PFHxA	307-24-4	0.01	0.001					
PFOSA	754-91-6	0.1	0.01					
N-Me-FOSA	31506-32-8	0.1	0.01					
N. E. EOGA	4454 50 3	0.4	0.01					
N-Et-FOSA	4151-50-2	0.1	0.01					All use of PFCs
N-Me-FOSE alcohol	24448-09-7	0.1	0.01	051,50 45000 0040	C EN/TS 15968:2010.	Solvent extraction		(Perfluorinated /
N-Et-FOSE alcohol	1691-99-2	0.1	0.01	CEN/TS 15968:2010 -	LC/MS analysis -	CEN/TS 15968:2010.		Polyfluorinated
PFBA	375-22-4	0.01	0.001	modified	modified	LC/MS analysis - modified		Compounds) banned as of 01 September
PFPeA	2706-90-3	0.01	0.001	1		modified		2015
PFHpA	375-85-9	0.01	0.001					2013
PFDA	335-76-2	0.01	0.001					
PFUnA	2058-94-8	0.01	0.001					
PFDoA	307-55-1	0.01	0.001					
PFTrA	72629-94-8	0.01	0.001	1			Solvent Extraction,	
PfteA	376-06-7	0.01	0.001	1			LC-MS analysis.	
PFHpS	375-92-8	0.01	0.001	1				
PFDS	335-77-3	0.01	0.001	1				
6:2 FTA	17527-29-6	0.1	0.01	-				
8:2 FTA	27905-45-9	0.1	0.01	1				
10:2 FTA	17741-60-5	0.1	0.01	1				
PF-3,7-DMOA	172155-07-6	0.01	0.001					
HPFHpA	1546-95-8	0.01	0.001					
4HPFUnA	34598-33-9	0.01	0.001	1				
1H, 1H, 2H, 2H-PFOS	27619-97-2	0.01	0.001	1				

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		Detecti	on Limit		Test I	Method		
Substance	CAS-nr.	Input: Chemical Formulations / Output: Waste water (µg/l)	Output: Products / Output: Waste Water Sludge (mg/kg)	Input: Chemical Formulations	Output: Waste water	Output: Sludge	Output: Products	STATUS Banned/ phase-out
7. Chloro benzene	es							
Dichlorobenzenes	various							
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	7						
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	7						
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	7						
Trichlorobenzenes	various							
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	87-61-6						5 · · · · / 5 · · · ·	All use of Chloro
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	0.02	0.01	Liquid extraction GC-	Liquid extraction GC-	Solvent extraction GC-	Extraction / Derivation followed by GC-MS	Benzenes are banned
1,3,5-Trichlorobenzene	108-70-3	0.02	0.01	MS analysis.	MS analysis.	MS analysis.	analysis	as of 01 September
Tetrachlorobenzene	12408-10-5						anarysis	2014
1,2,3,4-tetrachlorobenzene	634-66-2							
1,2,3,5-tetrachlorobenzene	634-90-2							
1,2,4,5-tetrachlorobenzene	95-94-3							
Pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5							
Hexachlorobenzene #	118-74-1		1	I				

		Detection	n Limit		Test N	lethod		
Substance Chloro-Toluenes (solvents and biocides. Production	CAS-nr. dyes. Chemical Intermedi	Input: Chemical Formulations / Output: Waste water (µg/I) ates. Antifelting)	Output: Products / Output: Waste Water Sludge (mg/kg)	Input: Chemical Formulations	Output: Waste water	Output: Sludge	Output: Products	STATUS Banned/ phase-out
2-chlorotoluene	95-49-8		Best current				Solvent extraction	All use of Chloro-
3-chlorotoluene	108-41-8		best current				and GC-MS analysis	Toluenes are banned

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4-chlorotoluene	106-43-4	Best current testing	testing technology			as of 01 Septemb
2,3-dichlorotoluene	32768-54-0	technology using	using lowest			2014
2,4-dichlorotoluene	95-73-8	lowest detection /	detection /			
2,5-dichlorotoluene	19398-61-9	reporting limits	reporting limits			
2,7-dichlorotoluene	118-69-4	always updated and	always updated			
3,4-dichlorotoluene	95-75-0	applied	and applied			
2,3,6-trichlorotoluene	2077-46-5	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				
2,4,5-trichlorotoluene	6639-30-1					
Benzotrichloride	98-07-7					
alfa, 2,4-trichlorotoluene	94-99-5					
alfa,2,6-trichlorotoluene	2014-83-7					
alfa,3,4-trichlorotoluene	102-47-6					
alpha, alpha, 2,6- tetrachlorotoluene	81-19-6					
alpha, alpha, alpha, 2,- tetrachlorotoluene	2136-89-2					
alpha, alpha, alpha, 4- tetrachlorotoluene	5216-25-1					
2,3,4,5,6-pentachlorotoluene	877-11-2					

		Detection	n Limit		Test N	/lethod		
Substance	CAS-nr.	Input: Chemical Formulations / Output: Waste water (μg/l)	Output: Products / Output: Waste Water Sludge (mg/kg)	Input: Chemical Formulations	Output: Waste water	Output: Sludge	Output: Products	STATUS Banned/ phase-out
8. Chlorinated sol	vents							
Dichloromethane	75-09-2							
Chloroform	67-66-3							
Tetrachloromethane	56-23-5							
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5							All Chlorinated
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3			By Headspace Gas	By Headspace Gas			solvents are
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2			Chromatography	Chromatography	CC MC Handana	Extraction /	banned as of 01
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	1	0.3	Mass Spectrometric	Mass Spectrometric	GC-MS Headspace analysis.	Derivation followed	September 2014
Perchloroethylene	127-18-4			(HS - GC/MS)	(HS - GC/MS)	allalysis.	by GC-MS analysis	(percloroetilene
1,1,1-trichloroethane	71-55-6			Analysis.	Analysis.			banned as of 01
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	630-20-6							September 2015)
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5							
Pentachloroethane	76-01-7							
1,1-Dichloroethylene	75-35-4							

	Detection Limit	Test Method	

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Substance	CAS-nr.	Input: Chemical Formulations / Output: Waste water (µg/l)	Output: Products / Output: Waste Water Sludge (mg/kg)	Input: Chemical Formulations	Output: Waste water	Output: Sludge	Output: Products	STATUS Banned/ phase-out
Other VOCs								
Methyl-ethyl ketone	78-93-3	Best current testing	0,1 ppm					
Benzene	71-43-2	technology using	0,1 ppm					
Toluene	108-88-3	lowest detection /	0,1 ppm					
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	reporting limits	0,1 ppm					
Xylene	1330-20-7	always updated and	0,1 ppm					
Styrene	100-42-5	applied	0,1 ppm					
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1		2,0 ppm					All use of Other
2-ethoxyethylacetate	111-15-9		10,0 ppm				Solvent extraction	VOCs banned as of
1,2,3-trichloropropane	96-18-4		10,0 ppm				and GC-MS analysis	01 September
Acetophenone	98-86-2		0,1 ppm					2014
Naphtalene	91-20-3		0,1 ppm					
N,N-dimethylformamide	68-12-2		0,1 ppm					
1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	872-50-4		50,0 ppm					
2-phenyl-2-propanole	617-94-7		0,1 ppm					
Bis-(2-methoxyethyl) ether	111-96-6		20,0 ppm					
N,N-dimethylacetamide	127-19-5		20,0 ppm					

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		D	etection Limit		Test Me	ethod		
Substance	CAS-nr.	Input: Chemical Formulations / Output: Waste water (µg/l)	Output: Products / Output: Waste Water Sludge (mg/kg)	Input: Chemical Formulations	Output: Waste water	Output: Sludge	Output: Products	STATUS Banned/ phase-out
9. Chloro phenols								
Pentachlorophenols (PCP) #	87-86-5							
Tetrachlorophenols (TeCP)	25167-83-3							
2,3,4,5-Tetrachlorophenol	4901-51-3							
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	58-90-2							
2,3,5,6-tetrachlorophenol	935-95-5							
Trichlorophenol (TriCP)	25167-82-2							
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	88-06-2							A.II
2,3,4-trichlorophenol	15950-66-0				Liquid outenation	Calvant autraction		All use of Chloro
2,3,5-trichlorophenol	933-78-8			Extraction / Derivation	Liquid extraction,	Solvent extraction,	Extraction /	phenols are
2,3,6-trichlorophenol	933-75-5	0.5	0.025	followed by GC-MS	derivatisation, with acetic anhydride, GC-MS	derivatisation, with acetic anhydride, GC-	Derivation followed	banned as of
2,4,5-trichlorophenol	95-95-4			analysis	analysis.	MS analysis.	by GC-MS analysis	01 September
3,4,5-trichlorophenol	609-19-8				anarysis:	115 dilaiysis:		2014
Dichlorophenols (DiCP)	25167-81-1							
2,3-dichlorophenol	576-24-9							
2,4-dichlorophenol	120-83-2							
2,5-dichlorophenol	583-78-8	_						
3, 4-dichlorophenol	95-77-2	_						
3, 5-dichlorophenol	591-35-5	_						
Mono Chlorophenol	various						1	

		D	etection Limit	Test Method				
Substance 10. SCCP	CAS-nr.	Input: Chemical Formulations / Output: Waste water (µg/I)	Output: Products / Output: Waste Water Sludge (mg/kg)	Input: Chemical Formulations	Output: Waste water	Output: Sludge	Output: Products	STATUS Banned/ phase-out
SCCP C ₁₀₋₁₃	85535-84-8	0.4	0.03	Extraction with toluene, GC-MS resp. LC/MS analysis.	Liquid extraction with toluene, GC-MS resp. LC/MS analysis.	Solvent extraction with toluene, GC-MS resp. LC/MS analysis.	Solvent Extraction & GC-CE analysis.	All use of SCCP is banned as of 01 September

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		D	etection Limit	Test Method				
Substance	CAS-nr.	Input: Chemical Formulations / Output: Waste water (µg/I)	Output: Products / Output: Waste Water Sludge (mg/kg)	Input: Chemical Formulations	Output: Waste water	Output: Sludge	Output: Products	STATUS Banned/ phase-out
11. Heavy metals						·		
Total Cadmium(Cd)	7440-43-9	0.1	1				EN 1122-2001 / Acid	
Total Lead(Pb)	7439-92-1	1	1				Digestion followed by ICP analysis. (Total)	
Total Mercury(Hg)	7439-97-6	0.05	0.006				ISO 105-E04 acid	1
Total Nickel(Ni)	7440-02-0	1	1				perspiration extraction & ICP analysis. Extractable)	
Total Hexavalent hromium(Cr-VI)	18540-29-9		1	Digestion, ICP analysis.	Digestion, ICP analysis.	Digestion, ICP analysis.	DIN 53314-1996 UNE EN 17075:2008	
Total Arsenic(As)	7440-38-2	1	1					1
Total Chromium(Cr)	7440-47-3	1	1				ISO 105-E04 acid perspiration extraction	All use of
Total Copper(Cu)	7440-50-8	1	1				& ICP analysis.	Heavy Metals
Total Zinc(Zn)	7440-66-6	1	4				Extractable)	phasie-out
Total Manganese(Mn)	7439-96-5	1	1					p
Total Antimony (Sb)	7440-36-0	1	1					
Total Cobalt (Co) (Extractable heavy-metals by artificial acidic sweat)	7440-48-4	Best current testing technology using lowest detection / reporting limits always updated and applied	≤ 4 ppm (≤ 1 ppm for children)	Best current testing technology using lowest detection / reporting limits always updated and applied	Best current testing technology using lowest detection / reporting limits always updated and applied	Best current testing technology using lowest detection / reporting limits always updated and applied	Heavy metals extractable: by acid sweat Extraction UNI EN ISO 105-E04. Determination AAS- ICP/OES/MS. Determination CrVI: extraction in alkaline buffer - colorimetric detection method to difenilcabazide.	

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		D	etection Limit		Test N	lethod		
Substance OTHERS	CAS-nr.	Input: Chemical Formulations / Output: Waste water (µg/I)	Output: Products / Output: Waste Water Sludge (mg/kg)	Input: Chemical Formulations	Output: Waste water	Output: Sludge	Output: Products	STATUS Banned/ phase-out
Cyanide	-	4	declaration of non-use- best current testing technology always updated and applied	declaration of non-use- best current testing technology always updated and applied	Digestion, ICP analysis.	Digestion, ICP analysis.	ISO 105-E04 acid perspiration extraction & ICP analysis. (Extractable)	All use of Cyanide banned as 01 September 2014
Formaldehyde (gas)	50-00-0	declaration of non-use – Best current testing technology using lowest detection / reporting limits always updated and applied	declaration of non-use – Best current testing technology using lowest detection / reporting limits always updated and applied	declaration of non-use— Best current testing technology using lowest detection / reporting limits always updated and applied	declaration of non-use – Best current testing technology using lowest detection / reporting limits always updated and applied	declaration of non-use— Best current testing technology using lowest detection / reporting limits always updated and applied	UNI EN ISO 14184-1	All use of Formaldehyde (gas) banned as of 01 September 2014
BIOCIDES								
Aldrin	309-00-2						Organo-chlorinated	
Captafol	2425-06-1						pesticides: US EPA	
Chlordane	57-74-9						8081: cotton and	
DDT	50-29-3	7					cellulose natural fibres -	
o,p'-DDT	789-02-6	7					Soxhlet extraction or	
Dieldrin	60-57-1	Best current					ultrasonic bath with	
Endrin	72-20-8	testing	declaration of non-use /				apolar solvents (iso- octane, n-hexane).	
Heptachlor	76-44-8	technology	<1ppm				Chlorinated herbicides:	All use of
Hexachlorobenzene #	118-74-1	using lowest	Best current testing				US EPA 8151: cotton	Biocides
a-Hexachlorocyclehexane	319-84-6	detection /	technology using lowest				and cellulose natural	banned as of 01
β-Hexachlorocyclehexane	319-85-7	reporting	detection / reporting				fibres - methanol	September
δ-Hexachlorocyclehexane	319-86-8	limits always	limits always updated				extraction. Organo-	2014
2,4,5- T	93-76-5	updated and	and applied				phosphorous	
2,4-D	94-75-7	applied	ани аррнеи				compounds: US EPA 8141: cotton and	
chlordimeform	6164-98-3						cellulose natural fibres.	
Ethyl-4,4'-dichlorobenzilate	510-15-6	1					Semi-volatile organic	
Dinoseb	88-85-7	1					compounds: US EPA	
monocrotophos	6923-22-4	1					8270 C: cotton and	
Pentachlorophenol #	87-86-5	1					cellulose natural fibres.	

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Toxaphene	8001-35-2
methamidophos	10265-92-6
methyl parathion	298-00-0
parathion	56-38-2
phosphamidon	13171-21-6
lindane	58-89-9
DDD	53-19-0
DDD (Dichlorodiphenyl-	72-54-8
dichloroethane)	
diazinon	333-41-5
propetanfos	31218-83-4
chlorfenvinphos	470-90-6
diclorofention	97-17-6
clorpyrofos	5598-15-2
fenchlorphos	299-84-3
diflubenzurone	35367-38-5
triflumurone	64628-44-0
cypermethrin	52315-07-8
deltamethrin	52918-63-5
fenvalerate	51630-58-1
cyhalothrin	91465-08-6
flumethrin	69770-45-2
Azinophosmethyl	86-50-0
	2642-71-9
Azinophosethyl	
Bromophos-ehtyl	4824-78-6
Carbaryl	63-25-2
Coumaphos	56-72-4
Cyfluthrin	68359-37-5
DEF	78-48-8
DDE	3424-82-6 72-
B: 11	55-9
Dichlorprop	120-36-2
Dicrotophos	141-66-2
Dimethoate	60-51-5
Endusolfan, a-	959-98-8
Endusolfan, β-	33213-65-9
Esfenvalerate	66230-04-4
Heptachloroepoxide	1024-57-3
Isodrine	465-73-6
Kelevane	4234-79-1
Kepone	143-50-0
Malathion	121-75-5
MCPA	94-74-6
MCPB	94-81-5

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Mirex	2385-85-5
Methoxychlor	72-43-5
Perthane	72-56-0
Phosdrin/Mevinphos	7786-34-7
Profenophos	41198-08-7
Quinalphos	13593-03-8
Strobane	8001-50-1
Telodrine	297-78-9
Trifluralin	1582-09-8

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		D	etection Limit		Test Method				
Substance	CAS-nr.	Input: Chemical Formulations / Output: Waste water (µg/l)	Output: Products / OutPut: Waste Water Sludge (mg/kg)	Input: Chemical Formulations	Output: Waste water	Output: Sludge	Output: Products	STATUS Banned/ phase-ou	
ORTHO-PHENYLPHE	NOL								
o-Phenylphenol (OPP)	90-43-7		Best current testing technology using lowest detection / reporting limits always updated and applied						
NITROSAMINES									
N-Nitrosodimethylamine (NDMA)	62-75-9							All use	
N-Nitrosodiethylamine (NDEA)	55-18-5							banned as	
N-Nitrosodi- <i>n</i> -propylamine (NDPA)	621-64-7		Declaration of non-use-					of 01	
N-Nitrosodi- <i>n</i> -butylamine (NDBA)	924-16-3		Best current testing					Septembe 2014	
N-Nitrosopiperidine (NPIP)	100-75-4		technology using lowest					2014	
N-Nitrosopyrrolidine (NPYR)	930-55-2		detection / reporting				UNI EN 14602		
N-Nitrosomorpholine (NMOR)	59-89-2		limits always updated						
N-nitroso N-methyl N-phenylamine (NMPhA)	614-00-6		and applied						
N-nitroso-N-ethyl-N-phenylamine (NEPhA)	612-64-6								
POLYAROMATIC HY	DROCARB	ONS							
Benzo-[a]-pyrene (BaP)	50-32-8								
Benzo-[e]-pyrene(BeP)	192-97-2		declaration of non-use-				7		
Benzo-[a]-anthracene(BaA)	56-55-3		Best current testing					All use	
Chrysene(CHR)	218-01-9		technology using lowest				Solvent extraction and	banned as	
Benzo-[b]-fluoranthene(BbFA)	205-99-2		detection / reporting				GC-MS analysis	of 01 Septembe	
Benzo-[j]-fluoranthene(BjFA)	205-82-3		limits always updated					2014	
Benzo-[k]-fluoranthene(BkFA)	207-08-9		and applied				7	2014	
Dibenzo-[a,h]-anthracene (DBAhA)	53-70-3								
BIOCIDES - ANTI-N	IOULD								
Dimethyl fumarate (DMF)	624-49-7		declaration of non-use-				Solvent extraction and		
N,N-Dimethyl formamide (DMF(A))	68-12-2		Best current testing technology using lowest detection / reporting limits always updated and applied				GC-MS\LC-MS analysis Extraction and GC- MS\LC-MS analysis	All use banned as of 01 Septembe 2014	

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